

# When Nash meets Stackelberg: Nash Games Among **Stackelberg Leaders**

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# Consider a **Ski** shop



## Merlin sells *skis* in a **market** in order to **profit**



## And competes with Leon Sports Hence, Leon Sports and Merlin are playing a Nash Game





## Aussois Ski Resort taxes and regulates the *ski market*





Aussois Ski Resort Plays a *Stackelberg* game with Ski-Rentals



### Aussois Ski Resort

Stackelberg Games

Nash Game





We call this a Nash Game Among Stackelberg Leaders (NASP)



Aussois Ski Resort trades skis and competes with Bardonecchia



# Were do we stand

### Theorem (Carvalho, D., Feijoo, Lodi, Sankaranarayanan, 2019)

solve a linear program and the leaders have linear objectives:

- 1. It is  $\Sigma_2^p$ -hard to decide if the problem has a **Mixed Nash Equilibrium**, and
- 2. It is  $\Sigma_2^p$ -hard to decide if the problem has a **Pure-Strategy Nash Equilibrium** even if all feasible regions are **bounded**.

Given a (trivial) NASP with 2 leaders and 1 follower each, where the followers

## **There is still hope!**

- NASPs have a well-defined **polyhedral structure**
- Even though **non-convex**, we can use *Balas' cl*conv to **"convexify"**
- We have a **I full of algorithmic tools** for finding equilibria with guarantees/certificates



## Convexification in a Game Theoretic context MNE over the convex-hull = MNE for the original game!

1 Denes

# Let's talk about this 🙂 🚽

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